**FCC 603** Main Form

	FCC wireless relecommunications bureau	ı
	<b>Application for Assignments of Authorizati</b>	on
CC	OPY ORIGINATE Transfers of Control	_

Approved by OMB 3060 - 0800

See instructions for public burden estimate

i) Ar	oplication Purpose (Select on	ılv one) ( A	4A )			/ T		1 "	DIIC DUIGGI	Courta
Α	AA - Assignment of Authorization CC - Transfer of Control	AM. Amend WD - Withd	ndment				Consummation of ime (loConsumn			fer)
2a)	If this request is for an Amendment on file with the FCC.	nt or Withdraw	val, enter t	the File Num	nber of the	pending applica	ation currently	File Numbe		-03
2b)	File numbers of related pending a	pplications cu	rrentlyon	file with the	FCC:					
3a)	Is this a pro forma assignment of							(	Y <u>)Y</u> es <u>I</u>	<u>N</u> o
3b)	If the answer to Item 3a is 'yes', is Commission's forbearance proces	this a notifica dures for telec	ition of a p communic	oro forma tra ations licens	insaction ses?	being filed under	the	(	N <u>)Y</u> es <u>I</u>	<u>N</u> o
4)	For assignments of authorization	only, is this a r	partitiona	nd/or disagg	gregation	?		(	Y <u>)Y</u> es <u>h</u>	<u>4</u> 0
5a)	Does this filing request a waiver of if 'Yes', anach an exhibit providing				mstances	i.		( )	Y <u>)Y</u> es j	<u>N</u> o
5b)	If a feeabie waiver request is attac sections and enter the results.	ched, multiply	the numb	per of station	s (callsig	ns) times the nui	mber of the rule	_		_
6)	Are allachments being filed with thi	is application?	?					( )	<u> </u>	<u>4</u> 0
	Does the transaction that is the sublicenses held by the assignorItrans or commonly controlled entities) that	sferoror affiliate	es of the	assignor/tran	nsferor (e.	g., parents, subs	sidiaries,		Ƴ <u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u>	<u>4</u> 0 -
	Does the transaction that is the sub non-wireless licenses that are not in						quired?	1)	√ <u>)Y</u> es <u>I</u>	Мо
Trans	saction Information									
	How will the assignment of authoriz	zationor transf	er of cont	rol be accon	nplished?	Select One: ( C	) }			
S	Sale or other assignment or transfer	r of stock cou	rt Order							
<u>C</u>	Other (voting trust agreement. mana	agement contra	act. etc.):	See Exhi	ibit <b>A</b>					
l p	f required by applicable rule, attach pertinent contracts, agreements. ins	as an exhibit astruments. cert	a Stateme ified copie	ent on how co	ontrol is to Orders, etc	be assigned or s.	transferred, along	y with copies <b>c</b> f a	any	
9) 7	The assignment of authorization or t	transfer of con	itrol of lice	nse is:				( V <u>)V</u> oluntar	y <b>į</b> nvolu	intary
11)	First Name (if individual):			MI:	Last Na	ame:			su	ınix:
14)	<b>P.O.</b> Box:		And /Or	15) Street A 1150 Conne		ve, NW, 4th Floo	or			
16)	City:		<del></del>			17) Stale:	I .	Zip Code:		
	hington					DC	2003	6		
,	Telephone Number:				20) FAX (202) 22	K Number:				
(202	1223-3222				(202,	<del></del>				

22) Race, E	thnicity, and Gender of A	ssignor/Licen:	see (Op	tional)	):						
Race:	American Indian or Alaska Native:	Asian:			Black or African- American:  Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander:  While			While			
Ethnicity:	Hispanic or Latino:	Not Hispanic Latino:	or								
Gender:	Female:	Male:									
Transferor	nformation (for transfers o	of control only)									
<b>23)</b> FCC Re	gistration Number (FRN):										
24) First Nar	ne (if individual):			MI:	Last Na	ame:				Suffix:	
26) P.O. Bo	x:	And /Or	27) 5	Street A	Address:						
<b>28)</b> City:						29) State:		30) Zip Cod	e:		
31) Telepho	ne Number:				<b>32)</b> FAX	Number:					
33) E-Mail <i>A</i>	Address:										
34) First Na	me:			MI:	Last Na	me:				suffix:	
35) Compar	ny Name:										
36) P.O. Bo	x:	And /Or	37) S	treet A	ddress:						
<b>38)</b> City:						<b>39)</b> state:		40) Zip Code	e:		
<b>41)</b> Telepho	ne Number:				<b>42)</b> FAX	Number;					
<b>43)</b> E-Mail A	address:										
Assignee/Tr	ansferee Information										
<b>44)</b> Assigned	e isa(n):(L) individua <u>C</u> orporat		rporated d Liability			<u>T</u> rust Partnei	Gove	rnment Entity ortium	Joint '	Ventu <b>re</b>	
45) FCC Re	gistration Number (FRN): 0007	7536998									
46) First Nar	ne (if individual):			MI:	Last Na	me:				Suffix;	
48) Name of	f Real Party in Interest:					49) 1	axpayer Identifi	cationNumber	:		

1) P.O. Box: And /Or And /Or								
53) City: Washington	54) State: DC	55) Zip Code: 20036	;					
56) Telephone Number: (202) 223-9222								
59) First Name:		М	I: Last Na	ame:		suffix:		
60) Company Name:								
61) P.O. Box:	And /Or	62) Stree	t Address:					
63) City:				<b>64)</b> Slate:	65) Zip Code:			
66) Telephone Number:			67) FAX	( Number:				
68) E-Mail Address:								
Alien Ownership Questions								
69) Is the Assignee or Transferee a foreign governme	entor the	representa	tive of any	foreign government?	(	N <u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u> o		
70) Is the Assignee or Transferee an alien or the repre	esentati	veof an alie	n?		(	N <u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u> o		
71) Is the Assignee or Transferee a corporation organ	nized un	der the I a w	of any fore	ign government?	(	N <u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u> o		
72) Is the Assignee or Transferee a corporation of whi voted by aliens or Iheir representativesor by a fore organized under the I a w of a foreign country?						N <u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u> o		
of lhe capital stock is owned of record or voted by or representative thereof. or by any corporation or	73) Is the Assignee or Transferee directly or indirectly controlled by any other corporation of which more than One-fourth of lhe capital stock is owned of record or voted by aliens, their representatives or by a foreign government or representativethereof. or by any corporation organized under the I a w of a foreign country?  If 'Yes', attach exhibit explaining nature and extent of alien or foreign ownership or control.							
asic Qualification Questions								
74) Has the Assignee or Transferee or any party to thi construction permit revoked or had any application license. construction permit denied by the Commis If Yes'. attach exhibit explaining circumstances.	n for an i			on authorization, license or al of FCC station au ho	( N	<u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u> o		
75) Has the Assignee or Transferee or any party to this Assignee or Transferee or any party to this applicant 'Yes' to the exhibit endaining circ to the exh				lly or thy thi the felony by any state or federa		<u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u> o		
or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolizing or	76) Has any court finally adjudged the Assignee or Transferee, or any party directly or indirectly controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolizing or attempting unlawfully to monopolize radio communication, directly or in this thing, the gradient or in the controlling of the controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolizing or attempting unlawfully to monopolize radio communication, directly or in the controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolizing or attempting unlawfully to monopolize radio communication, directly or indirectly controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolizing or attempting unlawfully to monopolize radio communication, directly or in the controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolizing or attempting unlawfully to monopolize radio communication, directly or in the controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolizing or attempting unlawfully to monopolize radio communication, directly or in the controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolize radio communication, directly or in the controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolize radio communication, directly or in the controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or Transferee guilty of unlawfully monopolize radio communication, directly or in the controlling the Assignee (N) Yes No or the Controlling the Assignee (N) Yes							
) is the sigr or , or any party directly in y r ndi ig matter dit is the p e dig if Yes', attach exhibit explaining circumstances.		ectly control	ling the Ass	signee or Transferee current	iya party ( Y	<u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u> o		

Race: Ethnicity:	American Indian or Alaska Native:	Asian:	1	ck or African- nerican:	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander:	White:
Ethnicity:	Hispanic or Latino:	Not Hispanicor Latino:				
ender:	Female:	Mala:				
e Status	applicant exempt from FCC appl	ication loos?				/ NI W N
<i>3)</i> (5 (1) 6 (	арріюані ехетрі поті і ос аррі	ication iees :				(N <u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u>
30) Is the a	applicant exempt from FCC regu	latory lees?				( N <u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u>
	_					
			prior		required	
•	ame:		MI:	La61 Name:		Suffix:
31) First Na Douglas	ame:		MI:	La61 Name: Brandon		Suffix:
•	ame:					Suffix:
•	ame:					Suffix:

OCT 1 5 2002

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Memorandum Opinion and Order, 13 FCC Rcd. 6293 (1998).	
transaction is subject to streamlined notification procedures for pro forme assignments and transfers by telecommunications carriers. See	
until the consent of the Federal Communications Commission has been given, or (2) that prior Commission consent is not required because the	
The Assignee or Transferee certifies either (1) that the authorization will not be assigned or that control of the license will not be transferred	(L

- The Assignee or Transferee waives any claim to the use of any particular frequency or of the electromagnetic spectrum as against the regulatory power of the United States because of the previous use of the same, whether by license or otherwise, and requests an authorization in accordance with this application.
- 3) The Assignee or Transferee certifies that grant of this application would not cause the Assignee or Transferee to be in violation of any pertinent cross-ownership, attribution, or spectrum cap rule.\*
- \*If the applicant has sought a waiver of any such rule in connection with this application, it may make this certification subject to the outcome of the waiver request.
- The Assignee or Transferee agrees to assume all obligations and abide by all conditions imposed on the Assignor or Transferor under the subject authorization(s), unless the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to a request made herein otherwise allows, except for liability for any set done by, or any right accrued by, or any suit or proceeding had or commenced against the Assignor or Transferor prior to this
- 5) The Assignee or Transferee certifies that all statements made in this application and in the exhibits, attachments, or documents incorporated by reference are material, are part of this application, and are true, complete, correct, and made in good faith.
- The Assignee or Transferee certifies that neither it not any other party to the application is subject to a denial of Federal benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. § 862, because of a conviction for possession or distribution of a controlled substance. See Section 1.2002(b) of the rules, 47 CFR § 1.2002(b), for the definition of "party to the application" as used in this certification.
- 7) The application, or (3) is not required to file Form 602 on file with the Commission, (2) is filing an updated Form 602 simultaneously.

WILLFUL FALSE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS FORM OR A TRIE 18 Section 1901) AND/OR REVOCATION OF ANY SATA AND/OR FORFEITURE (U.S. Code, Title 47, Section 503).	NY ATTACHIN	NENTS ARE PUNISHABLE BY FIN E OR CONSTRUCTION PERMIT (L	FINE AND/OR IMPRISONM T (U.S. Code, Title 47, Seci	iENT (U.S. Cod tion 312(a)(1)),
Signature:			Q       Q	11 O Z
85) Title: Vice President		***	<u> </u>	
Donglas	1	Brandon		
84) First Name:	:IM	Last Name:		Suffix:
yped or Printed Name of Party Authorized to Sign				

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87) Call Sign	88) Radio Service	89) Location Number	90) Path Number (Microwave only)	91) Lower or Center Frequency (MHz)	92) Upper Frequency (MHz)	93) Constructed Yes / No
KNLG207	cw					(Y)ES
KNLH231	cw			-		(Y)ES
KNLH386	cw					(Y)ES
KNLF929	cw					(Y)ES
						-
						-

### Schedule for Assignments of Authorization and Transfers of Control in Auctioned Service

Appmved by OMB 3060 - 0800 See instructions for public burden estimate

Assignments of Authorization

1) Ass	signee	Eligi	bility for Installment Payments (for assignments of authorization only)			
	the A tne		It is the same to a egroy or a smaller category of eligibility for installment payments tas determined by the applicable rules governing the licenses issued to the Assignor)?	( )	√ ) <u>Y</u> es	<u>N</u> o
. If	Υ 3', is	the A	ssignee applying for installment payments?	(	) <u>Y</u> es	<u>N</u> o

Year 1 Gross Revenues (current)	Year 2 Gross Revenues	Year 3 Gross Revenues	Total Assets.

#### 3) Certification Statements

For Assignees Claiming Eligibility as an Entrepreneur Under the General Rule

Assignee certifies that they are eligible to obtain the licenses for which they apply.

#### For Assignees Claiming Eligibility as a Publicly Traded Corporation

Assignee certifies that they are eligible to obtain the licenses for which they apply and that they comply with the definition of a Publicly Traded Corporation, as set out in the applicable FCC rules.

#### For Assignees Claiming Eligibility Using a Control Group Structure

Assignee certifies that they are eligible to obtain the licenses for which they apply.

Assignee certifies that the applicant's sole control group member is a pre-existing entity, ifapplicable.

### For Assignees Claiming Eligibility as a Very Small Business, Very Small Business Consortium, Small Business, or as a Small Business Consortium

Assignee certifies that they are eligible to obtain the licenses for which they apply.

Assignee certifies that the applicant's sole control group member is a preexisting entity, if applicable.

#### For Assignees Claiming Eligibility as a Rural Telephone Company

Assignee certifies that they meet the definition of a Rural Telephone Company as set out in the applicable FCC rules, and must disclose all parties to agreement(s) to partition licenses won in this auction. See applicable FCC rules.

#### Transfers of Control

#### 4) Licensee Eligibility (for transfers of control)

As a result of the transfer of control. must the licensee now claim a larger or higher category of eligibility than was originally declared?	(	<u>)Y</u> es <u>N</u> o
If Yes'. the new category of eligibility of the licensee is:		

#### **Certification Statement for Transferees**

Transferee certifies that the answers provided in item 4 are true and correct.

#### Partition and Disaggregation Schedule

Appmved by OMB 3060 - 0800 See instructions for public burden

estimate

1) PartitionerIDisaggregator Cali Sign:
KNLF929

2) Defined Area to be Partitioned	3) Undefined Area to be Partitioned (Complete undefined geographic area attachment)	<b>4)</b> Population Of Partitioned Area
HWY003 (See Exhibit A)		22,566

Spectrum D	isaggregated,	Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated	
Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency	Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency	Lower Frequency Upper Freque	

6)	Coverage	Requi	rements	- F	artı	tionir	ηg
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- Option 1 Partitioner and Partitionee each certify mat they will be subject to the same average requirements for their respective partitioned areas.
- ( X )Option 2 Partitioner certifies that the 5 year coverage requirements have been or will be met and that the 10 year coverage requirements must be met for the entire license area.

Partitionee certifies that only the substantial service requirement for renewal expectancy for the partitioned area must be met by the end of the 10 year license term.

### 7) Coverage Requirements • Disaggregation

- ( )Option 1 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that the Disaggregator will maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.
- ( )Option 2 Disaggregator and Disaggregate@each certify that the Disaggregatee will maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.
- ( )Option 3 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that they will share responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.

#### Partition and Disaggregation Schedule

Approved by OMB 3060 - 0800 See instructions for public burden

estimate

Partitioner/Disaggregator Call Sign:	
KNLG207	

Geographic Area Partitioned

<b>2)</b> Defined Area to be Partitioned	3) Undefined Area to be Partitioned (Complete undefined geographic area attachment)	<b>4)</b> Population Of Parlitioned Area
HWA008 (See Exhibit A)		19.239

5) Spectrum Disaggregated (inMHZ)

Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated	
Lower Frequency	Upper Freguency	Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency	Lower Frequency Upper Freque	
					Ì

#### 6) Coverage Requirements • Partitioning

- ( )Option 1 Partitioner and Partitionee each certifythat they wiii be subject to the Same coverage requirements for their respective partitioned areas.
- ( X )Option 2 Partitioner certifies that the 5 year coverage requirements have been or will be met and that the 10 year coverage requirements must be met for the entire license area.

Partitionee certifies that only the substantial service requirement for renewal expectancy for the partitioned area must be met by the end of the 10 year license ten.

#### 7) Coverage Requirements • Disaggregation

- ( )Option 1 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that the Disaggregator wiii maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.
- Option 2 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that the Disaggregatee will maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable wverage requirements for the entire license area.
- Option 3 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that they will share responsibility for meeting the applicable mverage requirements for the entire license area.

#### Partition and Disaggregation Schedule

Approved by OMB 3060 - 0800 See instructions for public burden

estimate

Commerce
1) Partitioner/Disaggregator Call Sign:
KNLG207

2) Defined Area to be Partitioned	3) Undefined Area Io be Partitioned (Complete undefined geographic area attachment)	<b>4)</b> Population of Partitioned Area
HWC008 (See Exhibit A)		15,495

Spectrum D	isaggregated	Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated	

#### 6) Coverage Requirements - Partitioning

- ( )Option 1 Partitioner and Partitionee each certify that lhey will be subject to the same coverage requirements for lheir respective partitioned areas.
- ( X )Option 2 Partitioner certifies Ihat the 5 year coverage requirements have been or will be met and that the 10 year coverage requirements must be met for Ihe entire license area.

Partitionee certifies that only lhe substantial service requirement for renewal expectancy for the partitioned area **must** be met by the end of the 10 year license term.

#### 7) Coverage Requirements • Disaggregation

- ( )Option 1 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify lhat the Disaggregator will maintain responsibility for meeting lhe applicable coverage requirements for lhe entire license area.
  - ( )Option 2 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that The Disaggregatee will maintain responsibility for meeting **the** applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.
  - Option 3 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that they will share responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.

#### Partition and Disaggregation Schedule

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1) Partitioner/Disaggregator Call Sign:
KNLH231

2) Defined Area to be Partitioned	3) Undefined Area to be Partitioned (Complete undefined geographic area attachment)	<b>4)</b> Population Of Partitioned Area
HWY138 (See Exhibit A)		54,071

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Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated	
Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency	Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency	Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency

6)	Coverage	Requ	irements •	Pa	ırtitioning
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- ( )Option 1 Parlitioner and Partitionee each certify that they will be subject to the same coverage requirements for their respective partitioned areas.
- ( X )Option 2 Partitioner certifies that the 5 year average requirements have been or will be met and that the 10 year coverage requirements **must** be met for the entire license area.

Partitionee certifies that only the substantial service requirement for renewal expectancy **br** the partitioned area must be met by the end of the 10 year license term.

#### 7) Coverage Requirements - Disaggregation

- ( )Option 1 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that the Disaggregator will maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.
  - Option 2 Disaggregater and Disaggregatee each certify that the Disaggregatee will maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.
- ( )Option 3 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that they will share responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.

#### Partition and Disaggregation Schedule

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1) Partitioner/Disaggregator Call Sign:	
KNLH386	

2) Defined Area to be Partitioned	3) Undefined Area to be Partitioned (Complete undefined geographic area attachment)	<b>4)</b> Population of Partitioned Area
HWA407 (See Exhibit A)		8,396

5) Spectrum Disaggregated (inMHZ)

Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated	
Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency	Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency	Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency
				! !	

6)	Coverage	Requirements	-Partitioning
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- )Option 1 Partitioner and Partitionee each certify that they will be subject to the same mverage requirements for their respective partitioned areas.
- ( X )Option 2 Partitioner certifies that the 5 year coverage requirements have been or will be met and that the 10 year mverage requirements must be met for the entire license area.

Partitionee certifies that only the substantial service requirement for renewal expectancy for the partitioned area must be met by the end of the 10 year license term.

) Coverage Requirements - Disaggregation

the entire license area.

Option 1 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that the Disaggregator will maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.

Option 2 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that the Disaggregatee will maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable microare requirements for the entire license area.

Option 3 Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that they will share responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for

#### Partition and Disaggregation Schedule

Approved by OMB 3060 - 0800 See instructions for public burden

estimate

Countaio
1) Partitioner/Disaggregator Cali Sign:
KNLH386

2) Defined Area to be Partitioned	3) Undefined Area to be Partition'ed (Complete undefined geographic area attachment)	<b>4)</b> Population <b>of</b> Partitioned Area
HWC407 (See Exhibit A)		2,939

5) Spectrum Disaggregated (in MHZ)

Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated		Spectrum Disaggregated	
Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency	Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency	Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency

C)	Cayaraga	Requirements -	Dortitioning
ומ	Coverage	Reduirements •	Paruuoning

- ( )Option 1 Partitioner and Parlitionee each certify that they will be subject to the same coverage requirements for their respective partitioned areas
- ( X )Option 2 Partitioner certifies that the 5 year coverage requirements have been or will be met and that the 10 year coverage requirements must be met for the entire license area.

Parlitionee certifies that only the substantial service requirement for renewal expectancy for the partitioned area must be met by the end of the 10 year license term.

+ Coverage Requirements • Disaggregation

(	)Option 1	Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that the Disaggregator will maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.
(	)Option 2	Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that the Disaggregatee will maintain responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.
(	)Option 3	Disaggregator and Disaggregatee each certify that they will share responsibility for meeting the applicable coverage requirements for the entire license area.

GSM Corridor, LLC FCC Form 603 Exhibit A Page 1 of 18

# EXHIBIT A DESCRIPTION OF TRANSACTION AND PUBLIC INTEREST STATEMENT

By this application and a series of related applications, AT&T Wireless Services, Inc. ("AWS") and Cingular Wireless LLC ("Cingular") seek FCC approval to implement a joint venture — GSM Corridor, LLC ("GSM-C")—to build infrastructure using GSM technology. GSM-C will provide service to the joint venture partners along approximately 4,000 miles of select major highways in rural parts of the country. Licenses to be controlled by GSM-C will consist of portions of licenses currently held by AWS or its subsidiaries, licenses acquired from third parties, and a license held by a subsidiary of Cingular. The venture will result in the expansion of service to areas that might otherwise go unserved by GSM technology. Thus, these applications are manifestly in the public interest. The parties accordingly seek expeditions Commission approval of the assignment and transfer of control applications necessary to implement GSM-C.

#### I. Description of GSM Corridor, LLC Operations

GSM-C is to be formed to enable AWS and Cingular to (1) provide infrastructure along rural portions of major highways; (2) make it feasible for AWS and Cingular to extend GSM coverage to serve their respective subscribers and technically compatible roamers in these areas; and (3) share the cost of investing in the infrastructure, which is sufficiently high as to be uneconomical for a single carrier alone. AWS and Cingular will compete at all times with each other on an arm's length basis in GSM-C's service area. GSM-C will not initially have any ordinary "retail" operations, inasmuch as the coverage areas served by GSM-C are not residential in nature, but rather are typically areas frequented by transitory wireless customers.

The legal structure of GSM-C, before and after formation, is shown respectively in Figure 1 and Figure 2 below.' Subsequent to formation, GSM-C will be the direct parent of two license-holding subsidiaries, AT&T Wireless Roadrunner License Sub, LLC ("SUSA") and Roadrunner Cingular License Sub, LLC ("SUSC"). GSM-C will be the sole member of each of the license holding subsidiaries and will therefore hold 100 percent of the voting and equity interests in each subsidiary. In addition, SUB-C will be the parent of Cingular New England License Sub LLC ("SUB-NE). GSM-C itself is a limited liability company with two members—AT&T Wireless Roadrunner, LLC ("AWR")),a wholly owned subsidiary of AWS, and Cingular Wireless Roadrunner LLC ("CING-R"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Cingular. Post-formation, each of AWR and CINGR will hold a 50 percent voting interest in GSM-C and, accordingly, indirect negative *dejure* control will reside with both AWS and Cingular.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The attached maps labeled Attachment A-National (East) and Attachment A-National (West) geographically describe the extent of the joint venture described herein.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For purposes of clarity, Figures 1 and **2 show** only subsidiaries related to the licensing process.

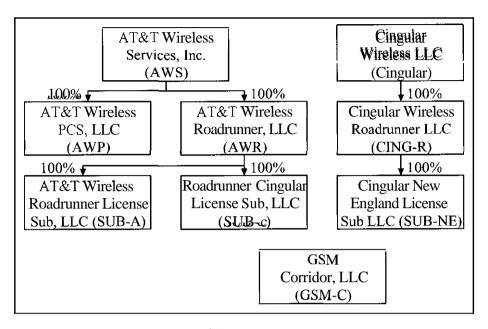


Figure 1: Legal Structure Pre-Transaction

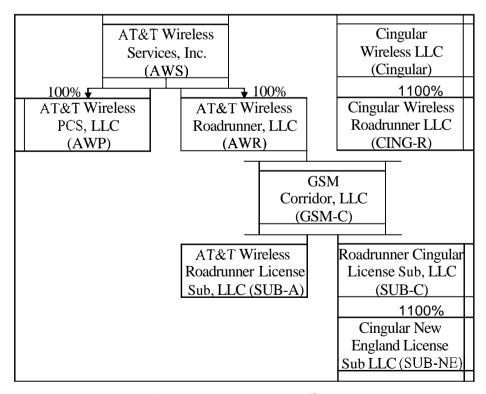


Figure 2: Legal Structure Post-Transaction

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Operationally, GSM-C will be a stand-alone venture controlled by a four person management committee. Under the GSM-C operating agreement, each of AWR and CING-R will have the right to appoint *two* managers to the management committee and each of AWS and Cingular will have indirect negative control over the management committee. The management committee will have complete and exclusive discretion and authority in the management and control of the business and affairs of GSM-C, including the right to make and control all ordinary and usual decisions concerning the business and affairs of GSM-C.

Some extraordinary actions of GSM-C, however, require member approval. In such cases, the approval of both AWS and Cingular is required. These actions are typical investor protections, including changes to member interests, rights, or capital call obligations; modifications to the operating agreement or business plan of GSM-C; major transactions and mergers; limited types of transactions beyond stated financial limits, with affiliated entities, or outside the normal course of business; restrictions on filings related to bankruptcy, regulatory positions, and judicial proceedings; changing banks or accountants or financial arrangements with banks or accountants; making any investment in third parties other than GSM-C or its subsidiaries; or entering into contracts to do any of the foregoing items. Given that these investor protection provisions have previously been deemed not to cause a transfer of control, and given that the issues will ultimately be decided by the same companies, whether through their manager appointees or through member actions, no *defacto* control issues arise from these provisions.

In order to effectuate the build-out of the highway systems, GSM-C will enter into construction agreements with both AWS and Cingular. The construction agreements explicitly are subject to GSM-C's oversight, review, ultimate control and approval. The **tasks** delegated to AWS and Cingular, respectively, under these agreements have been negotiated at arm's length and are typical of construction and management agreements in the telecommunications industry. The tasks delegated include: site acquisition, physical design, and construction; engineering, maintenance, and repair; administrative, accounting, insurance, purchasing, and clerical support; and such other reasonable assistance as is necessary to perform the construction and operation services.

Under the terms of the joint venture, AWS will construct, build out and manage the areas shown in Table 1 and Cingular will construct, build out and manage the areas shown in Table 2. Each table is sorted by highway partition, and some BTAs will involve more than one major highway. The actual market area assigned will comprise the highway itself and an area approximately five miles wide on either side of the highway in the relevant BTA. As discussed further in Section II of this Exhibit, the partition of a BTA comprising the highway and immediately adjacent area to be served by GSM-C has been designated "HWYXXX", where the "XXX" is the three digit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See, e.g., Implementation of Section 309(j) of the Communications Act – Competitive Bidding, Fifth Memorandum Opinion and Order,  $10 \ FCC \ Rcd \ 403,448 \ \P \ 81 \ (1994)$ .

**BTA** market number.<sup>4</sup> In those cases where different highways in the same **BTA** are being built by **AWS** and Cingular, the highway partitions are described as "HWAXXX" or "HWCXXX", where the "A" or "C" before the market number refers to, respectively, **AWS** or Cingular.

Market	HWYXXX Partition	Served Highway
Albuquerque, NM	HWA008	l-25, l-40
Denver, CO	HWA110	<b>⊦</b> 76
Fargo, ND	HWY138	⊦94
Fergus Falls, NM	HWY142	⊦94
Flagstaff, AZ	HWY144	F40
Gallup, NM	HWY162	I-40
Grand Junction, CO	HWY168	<b>L</b> 70
Greeley, CO	HWY172	<b>⊦7</b> 6
Las Vegas, NV	HWY245	<b>⊦</b> 15, <b>⊦</b> 40
North Platte, NE	HWA325	<b>⊦7</b> 6
Phoenix, AZ	HWY347	F40
Prescott, AZ	HWY362	F40
Provo-Orem, UT	HWY365	<b>⊦</b> 15
Pueblo, CO	HWY366	<b>⊦2</b> 5
St. Cloud, MN	HWY391	<b>⊦94</b>
St. George, UT	HWY392	⊦15
Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	HWY399	l-15, l-70
Santa Fe, NM	HWA407	F25

Table 1: AWS Build Areas

Market	HWYXXX Partition	Served Highway
Abilene, TX	HWY003	F20
Albuquerque, NM	HWC008	1-40
Amarillo, TX	HWY013	<b>⊦4</b> 0
Big Spring, TX	HWY040	l-20
Denver, CO	HWC110	I-70
Grand Island-Kearney, NE	HWY167	<b>I-8</b> 0
Hays, KS	HWY187	<b>⊢7</b> 0
Keene, NH	HWY227	F91, NH101, VT9
Las Cruces, NM	HWY244	<b>⊦</b> 10
Lebanon-Claremont, NH	HWY249	US-4, F89, F91, F93
Lincoln, NE	HWY256	I-80
Manchester-Nashua-Concord, NH	HWY274	1-89, 1-93, NH101, VT9
Manhattan-Junction City, KS	HWY275	<b>⊦7</b> 0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Each BTA has a defined "non-highway" partition that is the remainder of the BTA after partitioning of an MWYXXX region. The non-highway partition is defined as "NHWXXX," where "XXX" represents the BTA market number. While the NHWXXX partitions are only used in these applications in limited instances, see Section ll(D), the parties understand that ULS will soon be transitioned so that partitioned licenses will display territory actually encompassed by a license, rather than the current system of showing a market region "excluding" a partitioned area. Under such circumstances, the use of the NHWXXX partitions will be necessary.

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Market (	HWYXXX Partition	Served Highway
Midland, TX	HWY296	<b>l-20</b>
North Platte, NE	HWC325	1-80
Oklahoma City, OK	HWY329	<b>⊦4</b> 0
Salina, KS	HWY396	<b>⊢70</b>
San Angelo, TX	HWY400	<b>⊦10</b>
San Antonio, TX	HWY401	<b>⊦</b> 10
Santa Fe, NM	HWC407	I-40
Scottsbluff, NE	HWY411	<b>I-8</b> 0
Sierra Vista-Douglas, AZ	HWY420	F10
Topeka, KS	HWY445	<b>⊦</b> 70
Tucson, AZ	HWY447	<b>⊦10</b>
Burlington, VT	HWY063	⊦89, ⊦91, ⊦93, VT7
Plattsburgh, NY	HWY352	⊦87
Rutland-Bennington, VT	HWY388	US-4, VT7, VT9

Table 2: Cingular Build Areas

GSM-C initially will obtain operating revenues through roaming payments GSM-C receives from affiliates of AWS and Cingular. Under the joint venture agreement, GSM wireless customers of AWS and Cingular will **be** able to enjoy seamless high quality GSM services when calling from, or being called while within, regions served by GSM-C. GSM-C will also serve subscribers of third party carriers in one of two ways. First, because AWS and Cingular have roaming agreements with a large number of otherwise unaffiliated third-party carriers, technically compatible subscribers of those third party carriers will be able to take advantage of GSM-C services indirectly through AWS or Cingular. Second, in accordance with the Commission's rules,' any GSM compatible subscriber will also be able to obtain manual roaming service while in GSM-C's operating area.

Because the parties recognize, and the transaction documents explicitly contemplate, that AWS and Cingular will compete with each other in the GSM-C territories, and may in the future compete with GSM-C if it ever engages in retail operations, special precautions have been taken to ensure competitive activity is not limited. As an initial matter, the operating agreement explicitly provides that there shall be no limitation or restriction on the freedom or right of either AWS or Cingular, or their respective affiliates, to compete, directly or indirectly, with GSM-C or to exploit or otherwise deal with any business opportunity, including opportunities involving arrangements similar to GSM-C's business, whether or not relating to GSM-C. In addition, the agreement provides that the managers designated by AWR and CING-R shall not serve on the management committee, board of directors or other similar governing body of any entity that competes, directly or indirectly, with GSM-C, and further specifies that managers shall have no

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 41 C.F.R. §20.12(c); see also Automatic and Manual Roaming Obligations Pertaining to Commercial Mobile Radio Services, WT Docket No. 00193, Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 15 FCC Rcd 21628 (2000) (considering a sunset for the manual roaming requirement).

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involvement with the retail operations of AWS or Cingular and shall not have access to pricing or marketing information of the other member.

#### II. Description of the Transaction

As previously noted, this series of applications has been filed to implement a joint venture between Cingular and AWS. As discussed in greater detail bebw, the proposed transactions involve four main phases:

- Phase I the substantive assignment of certain authorizations from third parties to AT&T Wireless PCS, LLC ("AWP"), a wholly owned subsidiary of AWS;
- Phase II the pre-contribution proforma partitioning and disaggregation or
  partitioning of licenses into BTA-specific 10 MHz authorizations for the designated
  highways and adjacent areas to be served that are to be assigned (i) from AWP to one
  of two wholly-owned subsidiaries of AWS, i.e., SUB-A or SUB-C (Phase IIA), or,
  (ii) from Cingular to SUB-NE (Phase IIB);
- Phase III the substantive transfer of control of SUB-NE, SUB-A and SUB-C to allow those companies to become wholly-owned subsidiaries of GSM-C, a joint venture entity directly owned 50150 by AWR and CING-R; and,
- Phase IV the substantive assignment of certain non-highway portions of the 10 MHz BTA licenses to Southwestern Bell Wireless, LLC ("SWBWL"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Cingular.

Thus, upon consummation of the proposed transactions, GSM-C will be negatively controlled by both AWS and Cingular; GSM-C will have three wholly-owned license-holding subsidiaries, SUB-A, SUB-C and SUB-NE; each of SUB-A, SUB-C, and SUB-NE will hold 10 MHz licenses for the highway areas (a corridor consisting of the highway itself and an area approximately five miles on either side) in specific BTAs; and SWBWL will hold the 10 MHz portion of certain BTA licenses remaining after the partition and, in some cases, disaggregation of the highway portion. Each phase of the transaction is discussed in further detail below.

### A. Phase I – Assignments of Licenses from Third Parties to AWS

In order to implement the GSM-C joint venture, AWS has agreed to acquire licenses from Lewis and Clark Communications, L.L.C. ("L&C"); Royal Wireless, L.L.C. ("RWL"); and Southwest

Wireless, L.L.C. ("SWW"). The licenses to be acquired from each entity are shown in Tables 3 through 5 below. <sup>6</sup>

Call Sign	Market	Mkt No. Bloc
KNLG907	Biy Spring, TX	ו ויייין ו
KNLG926	Midland, TX	
KNLH231	Fargo, ND	BTA138

Table 3: Phase I ULS Assignments of Licenses from L&C to AWP

Call Sign	Market	Mkt No.	Block
KNLG715	Manhattan-Junction City, KS	BTA275	F

Table 4: Phase I ULS Assignment of License from **R** WL to A WP

Call Sign	Market	Mkt No.	Block
KNLF766	San Angelo, TX	BTA400	C1
KNLG207	Albuquerque, NM	BTA008	F
KNLH386	Santa <i>Fe, NM</i>	BTA407	F
KNLH387	Sierra Vista-Douglas, AZ	BTA420	F
WPOJ751	Amarillo, TX	BTA013	С

Table 5: Phase I ULS Assignments of Licenses from SWW to A WP

Because L&C, RWL, and SWW are not controlled by AWS, substantive ULS applications for each proposed assignee are being filed electronically to assign the licenses to AWP.

Notably, all of the authorizations were originally obtained in auctions as designated entity licenses. The respective licensees, however, have filed their five-year build-out certifications for each of these authorizations, and thus no bar exists to assignment of the licenses from the designated entity to AWP. Except for WPOJ751 (see Table 5), an Auction No. 22 license, all of the other listed authorizations are subject to installment payment obligations. AWS recognizes that any debt obligations to the FCC associated with such licenses will be required to be repaid immediately prior to closing. In addition, because WPOJ751 was issued less than five years

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> These licenses are also the subject of pending applications requesting authority to transfer control. See ULS File NOS. 000974206, 0000974951, and 000974976.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See ULS File Nos. 0000886682 (KNLF929); 0000993293 (KNLG907); 0000838507 (KNLH231); 0000975269 (KNLG926); 0000842855 (KNLG715); 0000838485 (KNLG207); 0000947245 (WPOJ751); 0000603295 (KNLF766); 0000870868 (KNLH386); and 0000840436 (KNLH387).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 24.839(a)(6)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See47C.F.R. § 1.2111(c).

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ago, that authorization is subject to the repayment of 50 percent of the 25 percent bidding credit, plus interest, at closing."

### **B.** Phase **II** – Pre-Transaction *Pro Forma* Partitioning and Disaggregation

Following the Phase I assignment of licenses from third parties to AWP, the parties will engage in certain *pro forma* transactions to partition and disaggregate licenses to create the highway partitions. In Phase IIA, AWP will partition and disaggregate or partition certain licenses to two different wholly-owned subsidiaries, SUB-A and SUB-C. Despite its name, SUB-C is, in fact, a wholly-owned subsidiary of AWS and will remain so at the time Phase **IIA** is consummated. Accordingly, because **AWS** will retain ultimate control over the spectrum to be partitioned and disaggregated or partitioned at all times during Phase II, all of the Phase IIA applications should properly be considered *pro forma*.<sup>11</sup>

The Phase II partition and disaggregations are shown in Tables 6 through 9 below. Notably, the licenses shown in Tables 7 and 9 are the licenses involved in Phase I. Because those licenses are not shown as belonging to AWP in the ULS database, those applications have been separated into separate tables and each has been filed on paper with a request for a waiver of the ULS electronic filing requirement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> WPOJ751 is the sole authorization involved in this transaction subject to repayment of a bidding credit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 1.948(c)(1); *Petition for Forbearance Regarding Non-Substantial Assignments of Wireless Licenses and Transfers of Control, Memorandum Opinion and Order,* 13 FCC Rcd 6293, 6298-99 (1998) ("Forbearance Order").

The Phase IIA *proforma* partial assignments to SUB-A are shown in Tables 6 (ULS) and 7 (non-ULS):

Call Sign	Market	Orig. Mkt	Partition	Block	Disagg?	Spectrum (MHz)
KNLF216	Keene, NH	MTA008	HWY227	А3	Υ	1850-1855/1930-1935
KNLF253	Flagstaff, AZ	MTA027	HWY144	A5	Υ	1860-1865/1940-1945
KNLF253	Phoenix, AZ	MTA027	HWY347	A4	Υ	1855-1860/1935-1940
KNLF253	Prescott, AZ	MTA027	HWY362	A5	Υ	1860-1865/1940-1945
KNLF253	Tucson, AZ	MTA027	HWY447	А3	Υ	1850-1855/1930-1935
KNLF278	Gallup, NM	MTA039	HWY162	B5	Y	1880-1885/1960-1965
KNLF278	Las Cruces, NM	MTA039	HWY244	B3	Y	1870-1875/1950-1955
KNLF289	Grand Island-Kearney, NE	MTA045	HWY167	A3	Υ	1850-1855/1930-1935
KNLF289	Lincoln, NE	MTA045	HWY256	А3	Υ	1850-1855/1930-1935
KNLF289	North Platte, NE	MTA045	HWA325	A5	Υ	1860-1865/1940-1945
KNLF289	North Platte, NE	MTA045	HWC325	A3	Υ	1850-1855/1930-1935
KNLG411	Denver, CO	BTA110	HWA110	D		
KNLG411	Denver, CO	BTA110	HWC110	D		
KNLG428	Fergus Falls, MN	BTA142	HWY142	D		
KNLG437	Grand Junction, CO	BTA168	HWY168	D		
KNLG464	Las Vegas, NV	BTA245	HWY245	D		
KNLG505	Oklahoma City, OK	BTA329	HWY329	E		
KNLG521	Provo-Orem, UT	BTA365	HWY365	D		
KNLG522	Pueblo, CO	BTA366	HWY366	ם		
KNLG534	St. George, UT	BTA392	HWY392	D		
KNLG538	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	BTA399	HWY399	D		
KNLG540	San Antonio, TX	BTA401	HWY401	E		
KNLG545	Scottsbluff, NE	BTA411	HWY411	E		
KNLG564	Topeka, KS	BTA445	HWY445	E		
KNLH670	Greeley, CO	BTA172	HWY172	D		
KNLH694	St. Cloud, MN	BTA391	HWY391	E		
KNLH721	Lebanon-Claremont, NH	BTA249	HWY249	D		
WPOI214	Manchester-Nashua-Concord, NH	MTA008	HWY274	A3	Υ	1850-1855/1930-1935

Table 6: Phase IIA ULS Pro Forma Partial Assignments from A WS to SUB-A

Call Sign	Market	Orig. Mkt	Partition	Block
KNLF929	Abilene, TX	BTA003	HWY003	F
KNLG207	Albuquerque, NM	BTA008	HWA008	F
KNLG207	Albuquerque, NM	BTA008	HWC008	F
KNLH231	Fargo, ND	BTA138	HWY138	F
KNLH386	Santa Fe, NM	BTA407	HWA407	F
KNLH386	Santa Fe, NM	BTA407	HWC407	F

Table 7: Phase IIA Non-ULS Pro Forma Partitions from A WS to SUB-A

The Phase IIA *pro forma* partitions and disaggregations to SUB-C are shown in Tables 8 (ULS) and 9 (non-ULS):

Call Sign	Market	Orig. Mkt	Partition	Block	Disagg?	Spectrum (MHz)
KNLF291	Hays, KS	MTA046	HWY187	A5	Υ	1860-1865/1940-1945
KNLF291	Salina, KS	MTA046	HWY396	A5	Y	1860-1865/1940-1945

Table 8: Phase IIA ULS Pro Forma Partial Assignments from AWS to SUB-C

Call Sign	Market	Orig. Mkt	Partition	Block	Disagg?	Spectrum (MHz)
KNLF766	San Angelo, TX	BTA400	HWY400	CC <sup>12</sup>	Υ	1902.5-1907.5/1982.5-1987.5
KNLG715	Manhattan-Junction City, KS	BTA275	HWY275	F		
KNLG907	Big Spring, TX	BTA040	HWY040	F	Ì	
KNLG926	Midland, TX	BTA296	HWY296	F		
KNLH387	Sierra Vista-Douglas, AZ	BTA420	HWY420	F		
WPOJ751	Amarillo, TX	BTA013	HWY013	СЗ	Υ	1895-1900/1975-1980

Table 9: Phase IIA Non-ULS Pro Forma Partial Assignments from AWS to SUB-C

In addition, in Phase IIB, **an** authorization held by Pacific Telesis Mobile Services, LLC ("PTMS"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Cingular, will be partitioned to SUB-NE. Because SUB-NE is, and will remain until Phase III, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Cingular, the Phase IIB transactions are appropriately classified as *pro forma*. The Phase IIB partition to SUB-NE is shown in Table 10 below:

Call Sign	Market	Orig. Mkt	Parlition	Block
WPSL626	Burlington,∨T	MTAOOI	HWY063	А3
WPSL626	Plattsburgh, NY	MTAOOI	HWY352	А3
WPSL626	Rutland-Bennington, VT	MTAOOI	HWY388	А3

Each of the new partitioned licenses involved in Phase II will generally be the result of **the** partitioning (and, in some cases, the disaggregation) of 10 MHz of spectrum covering a portion of a highway designated "HWYXXX," where "HWY" represents the "highway portion" being partitioned and "XXX" represents the three digit BTA number for the BTA in which the highway is located. <sup>14</sup> In a few cases, two partitions exist within the same BTA because there is more than one major highway in the BTA and the build plan calls for the two highways to be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The proposed 10 MHz disaggregation associated with this reconfigured 15 MHz C Block license in San Angelo, TX, does not conform to the standard 10 MHz C3, C4, or **C5** disaggregations used by convention. Accordingly, for ease of reference, the parties have abbreviated the disaggregated spectrum as "CC," standing for "custom" C Block disaggregation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 1.948(c)(1); Forbearance Order, 13 FCC Red at 6298-99.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> In some areas, A or B block MTA spectrum is being used. However, the BTA within the MTA that is involved in the partition is being used to make it easier to identify the geographic area involved.

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constructed by either AWS or Cingular. In such cases, the highway partitions have been labeled HWAXXX, corresponding to the partition being built by AWS, and HWCXXX, corresponding to the partition being built by Cingular. The HWYXXX regions are graphically shown in the Attachments AI-A15 hereto, and comprise corridors approximately ten miles wide centered along one or more highways in the BTA. 15

Due to the complexity of the partitions involved with the GSM-C transactions, AWS and Cingular have coordinated with the FCC staff and provided MapInfo data specifying the HWYXXX highway partitions and the corresponding NHWXXX non-highway partitions in each relevant BTA. While graphical representations of the partitions have been provided in the attachments to these applications, AWS and Cingular are requesting a waiver of Section 24.714(b)(1) because it is technically infeasible to specify the partitioned areas by geographic coordinates. Because the partitions will be created as electronic database entries in the ULS electronic tiling system based upon the MapInfo data supplied by the parties (and, in any event, are graphically shown in the attachments), the regions to be partitioned will be available to all parties for review and inspection and the definition of the regions will be far more accurate than attempting to define, with limited resolution, the regions by specifying latitude and longitude. Under these circumstances, a waiver of Section 24.714(b)(1) is fully justified. <sup>16</sup>

In situations involving either the partitioning of a 10 MHz D, E or F Block PCS license or the combined partitioning and disaggregation of 10 MHz from a reconfigured 15 MHz C Block license, the parties certify that the five-year construction obligations have been satisfied and no future build-out obligations are applicable. The parties have chosen Option 2 in response to Question 6 (and, in the case of a reconfigured 15 MHz C Block license, Option 1 in response to Question 7) of the Schedule B to represent this scenario.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> In general, the geographic area surrounding the highway is precisely five miles on either side of the highway. In certain cases, however, where the creation of such a partition would leave only a thin sliver of territory (e.g., a highway near a BTA boundary or gradually approaching a BTA boundary) or would create an orphaned island between highways, additional land area have been included in the HWYXXX partition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 1.3 (waiver justified where good cause is shown); § 1.925(b)(3)(ii) (waiver appropriate where unique circumstances render application of the rule unduly burdensome or applicant has no reasonable alternative).

<sup>&</sup>quot;See 47 C.F.R. §§ 24.203(b), 24.714(f)(1). This is the case for stations KNLF766, KNLF929, KNLG207, KNLG411, KNLG428, KNLG437, KNLG464, KNLG505, KNLG521, KNLG522, KNLG534, KNLG538, KNLG540, KNLG545, KNLG564, KNLG715, KNLG907, KNLG926, KNLH231, KNLH386, KNLH387, KNLH670, KNLH694, and KNLH721. See ULS File Nos. 0000603295 (KNLF766); 0000886682 (KNLF929); 0000838485 (KNLG207); 0000732531 (KNLG411); 0000830285 (KNLG428); 0000732542 (KNLG437); 0000734705 (KNLG464); 0000857723 (KNLG505); 0000732567 (KNLG521); 0000857740 (KNLG522); 0000855155 (KNLG534); 0000732571 (KNLG538); 0000885209 (KNLG540); 0000857744 (KNLG545); 0000852889 (KNLG564); 0000842855 (KNLG715); 0000993293 (KNLG907); 0000975269 (KNLG926); 0000830303 (KNLH231); 0000870868 (KNLH386); 0000840436 (KNLH387); 0000732545 (KNLH670); 0000830303 (KNLH694); and 0000868719 (KNLH721).

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In situations involving the combined partitioning and disaggregation of 10 MHz from an originally issued 30 MHz A, B or C Block PCS license, the parties certify that the five-year construction obligations have been satisfied and that the partitionee/disaggregatee will he responsible for meeting the ten-year construction benchmark for the partitioned/disaggregated area. The parties have chosen Option 1 in response to Question 6 and Option 3 in response to Question 7 of the Schedule B to represent this scenario.

In the case of the partitioning of station WPSL626, a disaggregated 10 MHz A Block PCS license, the parties certify that both the five and ten-year build-out requirements have been met and no further construction obligations are applicable." The parties have chosen Option 2 in response to Question 6 for this scenario.

### C. Phase III – Substantive Transfers of Control of Licensed Subsidiaries to GSM-C

Phase III of **the** proposed transactions will result in the two AWS subsidiaries, SUB-A and SUB-C, becoming direct subsidiaries of GSM-C and the Cingular subsidiary, SUB-NE, becoming **an** indirect subsidiary of GSM-C. Because GSM-C is a 50/50 joint venture between AWS and Cingular, the transfer of control of the subsidiaries from AWS to GSM-C is a substantive transfer of control because **the** subsidiaries will transition from AWS, which has sole positive control, to both AWS and Cingular each having negative control. Similarly, the transfer of control of SUE NE will be substantive in that Cingular is the sole controlling party of SUB-NE, and both Cingular and AWS will ultimately have negative control over the licensee, SUB-NE. Control of the GSM-C venture is further discussed in Section I, above.

Conceptually, Phase III involves three discrete transactions: (1) the transfer of control of SUB-A from AWS to AWS and Cingular; (2) the transfer of control of SUB-C from AWS to AWS and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> See 47 C.F.R. §§ 24.203(a), 24.714(f)(1)-(2). This is the case for stations KNLF216, KNLF253, KNLF278, KNLF289, KNLF291, WPOI214, and WPOJ751. See ULS File Nos. 0000178926 (KNLF216); 0000168544 (KNLF253); 0000168541 (KNLF278); 0000168542 (KNLF289); 0000168543 (KNLF291); 0000182610 (WPOI214); and 0000947245 (WPOJ751). In this situation, the partitioner/disaggregator thus remains responsible for meeting the ten-year construction benchmark in the area it retains.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> See 47 C.F.R. §§ 24.203(a), 24.714(f)(1); see also ULS File No. 000001 1664.

Cingular; and (3) the transfer of control of SUBNE from Cingular to **AWS** and Cingular. The transfer of control of SUB-A will involve the authorizations shown in Table 11 below?'

Call Sign	Market	Mkt No.	Block
KNLF216-NEW	Keene, NH	HWY227	А3
KNLF253-NEW	Flagstaff, AZ	HWY144	A5
KNLF253-NEW	Phoenix, AZ	HWY347	A4
KNLF253-NEW	Prescott, AZ	HWY362	A5
KNLF253-NEW	Tucson, AZ	HWY447	А3
KNLF278-NEW	Gallup, NM	HWY162	B5
KNLF278-NEW	Las Cruces, NM	HWY244	B3
KNLF289-NEW	Grand Island-Kearney, NE	HWY167	А3
KNLF289-NEW	Lincoln, NE	HWY256	А3
KNLF289-NEW	North Platte, NE	HWA325	A5
KNLF289-NEW	North Platte, NE	HWC325	А3
KNLF929-NEW	Abilene, TX	HWY003	F
KNLG207-NEW	Albuquerque, NM	800AWH	F
KNLG207-NEW	Albuquerque, NM	HWC008	F
KNLG411-NEW	Denver, CO	HWA110	D
KNLG411-NEW	Denver, CO	HWC110	D
KNLG428-NEW	Fergus Falls, MN	HWY142	D
KNLG437-NEW	Grand Junction, CO	HWY168	D
KNLG464-NEW	Las Vegas, NV	HWY245	D
KNLG505-NEW	Oklahoma City, OK	HWY329	E
KNLG521-NEW	Provo-Orem, UT	HWY365	D
KNLG522-NEW	Pueblo, CO	HWY366	D
KNLG534-NEW	St. George, UT	HWY392	D
KNLG538-NEW	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT	HWY399	D
KNLG540-NEW	San Antonio. TX	HWY401	E
KNLG545-NEW	Scottsbluff, NE	HWY411	Е
KNLG564-NEW	Topeka, KS	HWY445	Е
KNLH231-NEW	Fargo, ND	HWY138	F
KNLH386-NEW	Santa Fe, NM	HWA407	F
KNLH386-NEW	Santa Fe, NM	HWC407	F
KNLH670-NEW	Greeley, CO	HWY172	D
KNLH694-NEW	St. Cloud, MN	HWY391	E
KNLH721-NEW	Lebanon-Claremont, NH	HWY249	D
WPOI214-NEW	Manchester-Nashua-Concord, NH	HWY274	А3

Table 11: Phase III Transfer of Control of SUB-A

 $<sup>^{20}</sup>$  " KNLGXXX-NEW indicates that new call signs will be assigned upon the creation of the partitions and disaggregations.

The transfer of control of SURC will involve the authorizations shown in Table 12 below:

Call Sign	Market	Mkt No.	Block
KNLF291-NEW	Hays, KS	HWY187	A5
KNLF291-NEW	Salina, KS	HWY396	A5
KNLF766-NEW	San Angelo, TX	HWY400	CC <sup>21</sup>
KNLG715-NEW	Manhattan-JunctionCity, KS	•	
KNLG907-NEW	Big Spring, TX	HWY040	F
KNLG926-NEW	Midland, TX	HWY296	
KNLH387-NEW	Sierra Vista-Douglas, Aż.	HWY420	F
WPOJ751=NEW	Amarillo, TX	HWY013	; C3

Table 12: Phase III Transfer of Control of SUB-C

The transfer of control of SUB-NE will involve the authorizations shown in Table 13 below:

Call Sign	Market	Mkt No.	Block
WPSL626-NEW	Burlington, VT	HWY063	А3
WPSL626-NEW	Plattsburgh, NY	HWY352	А3
WPSL626-NEW	Rutland-Bennington, VT	HWY388	А3

Table 13: Phase III Transfer of Control of SUB-NE

Because all of the authorizations held by SUB-NE, SUB-C and SUB-A are the result of partitions and disaggregations or partitions resulting from Phase II that have not yet occurred, the three transfer of control applications have been filed on paper with a waiver of the ULS electronic filing rules requested. In addition, new call signs will be assigned upon the creation of the partitions and disaggregations, so the call signs shown in Tables 11 through 13 are merely for informational purposes designating the originating call sign of the license.

## D. Phase IV – Assignment of Authorizations to Cingular

The final phase of the proposed transaction involves the assignment of certain authorizations to SWBWL, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Cingular. These authorizations are the remaining 10 MHz portions of some of the BTAs corresponding with the HWYXXX partitions and disaggregations that were assigned to SUB-C in Phase II, designated NHWXXX, where "NHW" stands for the "non-highway" portion partitioned and "XXX is the BTA number. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See n. 12, *supra* 

specific authorizations shown in Tables 14(non-ULS partial assignments) and 15 (non-ULS full assignments) below comprise the licenses to be assigned to SWBWL.

Call Sign	Market	Orig. Mkt	Partition	Block	Disagg?	Spectrum (MHz)
KNLF291	Hays, KS	MTA046	NHW187	A5	Y	1860-1865/1940-1945
KNLF291	Salina, KS	MTA046	NHW396	A5	Υ	1860-1865/1940-1945
KNLF766	San Angelo, TX	BTA400	NHW400	CC <sup>22</sup>	Υ	1902 5-1907 5/1982 5-1987 5
WPOJ751	Amarillo, TX	BTA013	NHW013	СЗ	Y	1895-1900/19751980

Table 14: Phase IV Non-ULS Partial Assignments from A WP to SWB WL

Call Sign	Market	Mkt No.	Block
KNLG715	Manhattan-Junction City, KS	BTA275	F
KNLG907	Big Spring, TX	BTA040	F
KNLG926	Midland, TX	BTA296	F
KNLH387	Sierra Vista-Douglas, AZ	BTA420	F

Table 15: Phase IV Non-ULS Full Assignments from A WP to SWBWL

Because these licenses are all involved in earlier phases of the transaction, the licenses are not available in ULS for assignment. Accordingly, these applications have been filed on paper with a request for a waiver of the ULS electronic filing requirement.

In certain cases, shown in Table 14, a second partitioning and disaggregation is required to create the 10 MHz non-highway BTA remainder. In the case of station KNLF291, the original license from which the SUBCHWY187 and HWY396 partitions and disaggregations arose was a 30 MHz MTA license belonging to AWS, and in the case of station WPOJ751, the original license was a 30 MHz BTA license acquired by AWS. With respect to these two cases, the parties certify that the five-year construction obligations have been satisfied and that the partitionee/disaggregate will be resonsible for meeting the ten-year construction benchmark for the partitioneddisaggregated area.' The parties have chosen Option 1 in response to Question 6 and Option 3 in response to Question 7 of the Schedule B to represent this scenario.

In the case of station KNLF766, a reconfigured 15 MHz C Block license, the parties certify that the five-year construction obligation has been satisfied and no further construction obligations are applicable. The parties have chosen Option 2 in response to Question 6 and Option 1 in response to Question 7 in Schedule B to represent this scenario.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> See n. 12, supra.

<sup>&</sup>quot;See47 C.F.R. §§ 24.203(a), 24.714(f)(1)-(2); see also ULS File Nos. 0000168543 (KNLF291) and0000947245 (WPOJ751).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> See ULS File No. 0000603295

In the remaining cases, the partitioning of the **HWYXXX** portion in Phase II should result in the original call sign being associated with the non-highway portions of the license in the specific BTA, and no further partitioning and disaggregation should be required.

#### III. Public Interest Statement

Section 310(d) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended ("the Act"), requires that the Commission determine whether the transaction presented herein is consistent with the public interest, convenience and necessity. To make that assessment, the Commission considers four overriding questions: "(1) whether the transaction would result in the violation of the Act or any other applicable statutory provision; (2) whether the transaction would result in a violation of Commission rules; (3) whether the transaction would substantially fmstrate or impair the Commission's implementation or enforcement of the Act or interfere with the objectives of that and other statutes; and (4) whether the transaction promises to yield affirmative public interest

The Commission has determined that transfer and assignment applications that demonstrate on their face that a transaction will yield affirmative public interest benefits and will neither violate the Act or Commission rules, nor frustrate or undermine policies and enforcement of the Act by reducing competition or otherwise, do not require extensive review and expenditures of considerable resources by the Commission.<sup>27</sup> The instant application meets this standard."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Section 310(d) provides that "no construction permit, or station license, or any rights thereunder, shall be transferred, assigned, or disposed of in any matter. ..to any person except upon application to the Commission and upon finding by the Commission that the public interest, convenience, and necessity will be served thereby." 47 U.S.C. § 310(d).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Applications of SBC Communications Inc. and BellSouth Corp., 15 FCC Rcd 25459,25463-64 (WTBIIB 2000) (citation omitted) ("SBC-BellSouth Order"); Applications of Ameritech Corp. and SBC Communications Inc., 14 FCC Rcd 14712, 14737-38 (1999) ("Ameritech-SBC Order"); see also Application of WorldCom, Inc. and MCI Communications Corp., 13 FCC Rcd 18025, 18030-32 (1998); Merger & MCI Communications Corporation and British Telecommunications plc, 12 FCC Rcd 15351, 15367-68 (1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> See Applications of Tele-Communications, Inc. and AT&T Corp., 14 FCC Red 3160,3170 (1999); Ameritech-SBC Order, 14 F.C.C.R at 14740-41...

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> The Commission has emphasized that a detailed showing ofbenefits is not required for transactions where there are no anti-competitive effects. The Commission stated in *Applications & Southern New England Telecomm. Corp. and SBC Communications Inc.*, 13 FCC Rcd 21292,21315 (1998) ("SNET-SBC Order"), that, in the absence of anti-competitive effects, a detailed showing ofbenefits is not necessary in seeking approval of a merger. Similarly, as the Commission stated in its approval of the SBC/Telesis merger, where it found that the merger would not reduce competition and that SBC possessed the requisite qualifications to control the licenses in question, "[a] demonstration that benefits will arise from the transfer is not . . . a prerequisite to our approval, provided that no foreseeable adverse consequences will result from the transfer." *Applications & Pacific Telesis Group and SBC* 

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The assignments and transfers of control proposed herein will mt result in any violation of the Act or any other applicable statutory provision. Moreover, the proposed transaction fully complies with all Commission rules and regulations and does not require any substantive waivers. The transaction also does not create new or unresolved overlaps in ownership interests that implicate the spectrum cap in any of the involved wireless markets. Therefore, the transaction does not frustrate or impair the Commission's implementation or enforcement of the Act or interfere with the objectives of the Act or other statutes.

The proposed transfer of control promises to yield affirmative public interest benefits. Grant of the applications will enable both Cingular and AWS to provide GSM service in rural parts of the country that would otherwise go unserved in the short term by GSM technology. This provides the immediate benefit of more ubiquitous service to members of the public who have GSM handsets. It also expands the availability of advanced digital mobile services more generally, by providing these rural areas with either their first digital service or an additional digital technology choice.

Because the venture is specifically designed to serve major highways, the benefits to the traveling public are manifest. The Commission has affirmed that "operators with [nationwide] footprints can achieve economies of scale and increased efficiencies compared to operators with smaller footprints" and that such efficiencies permit companies to offer national rate plans that reduce prices for consumers. <sup>30</sup>

The Commission also has pointed out that current trends in the wireless industry -i.e., transactions, such as this, that will result in further geographic expansion of an operator's service areas or enhancement of the services it provides – will intensify competition among nationwide providers of wireless services. By expanding the area where Cingular and AWS customers may receive GSM service, this transaction will fill out the national coverage footprints of these two GSM service providers, thereby providing customers nationwide with an enhanced choice of both technology and national service provider. In fact, the parties recognize, and the transaction documents explicitly contemplate, that AWS and Cingular will compete with each other on an

Communications Inc., 12 FCC Rcd 2624, 2626-27 (1997); see also Comcast Cellular Holdings, Inc. and SBC Communications, Inc., 14 FCC Rcd 10604, 10608-09 (WTB 1999).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> **As** discussed above, and pursuant to discussions with FCC staff, certain limited waivers of the Commission's electronic filing and coordinate mapping requirements are requested.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Annual Report and Analysis of Competitive Market Conditions With Respect to Commercial Mobile Services, Seventh Report, FCC 02-179 at 13-14 (rel. July 3, 2002).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Id.; see also Applications & VoiceStream Wireless Corporation, Powertel, Inc. and Deutsche Telekom AG, 16 FCC Rcd 9779,9844-45 (2001); SNET-SBC Order, 13 FCC Rcd at 21314-15; SBC-BellSouth Order, 15 FCC Rcd at 25480-81; Vanguard Cellular Systems, Inc. and Winston, Inc., 14 FCC Rcd 3844, 3853-54 (WTB 1999); 360 Communications Co. and ALLTEL Corp., 14 FCC Rcd 2005, 2025-26 (WTB 1998).

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arm's-length basis at the retail level in the territories where systems are deployed by GSM-C, and may in the future compete with GSM-C. The parties have taken special precautions to ensure that the venture produces only beneficial competitive synergies and does not detract from competition. Moreover, the transfer of spectrum to Cingular in the non-highway areas will enable Cingular to bring the benefits of its nationwide service offerings to rural subscribers in these areas. Therefore, the effect of the transfers and assignments will be to increase competition and enhance the provision of innovative, high quality services to rural areas.

#### **IV.** Form 602 – Ownership Disclosure Information

For information on the ownership of GSM-C, the transferee in Phase III, please see the Form 602 filed contemporaneously herewith. **As** for the assignees identified in Phases I, II, and IV, they are wholly-owned subsidiaries of either AWS, Cingular, or GSM-C. Updated Forms 602 are also being filed contemporaneously herewith reflecting the post-transaction ownership structure for AWS and Cingular. Based on the prior guidance from the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau, the Form 602 for each of AWS, Cingular, and GSM-C satisfies the ownership reporting requirements of Sections 1.919 and 1.2112(a) of the Commission's rules for the assignees. <sup>32</sup>

#### V. Conclusion

Based on the foregoing, the proposed transactions to form GSM-C are in the public interest. Accordingly, AWS and Cingular request that the applications to implement the license assignments and transfers of control be granted on an expedited basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> See 41 C.F.R. §§ 1.919, 1.2112(a); see also Public Notice, "Wireless Telecommunications Bureau Answers Frequently Asked Questions Concerning Reporting of Ownership Information on FCC Form 602," 14 FCC Rcd 8261, 8264-65 (1999).